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Beneficial Use of Tire Shreds in Civil Engineering Applications

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Rubber Manufacturers Association

- Represents the 8 US tire manufacturers
 - 90% tires sold in the USA
- Created scrap tire program in 1990
- Focus on development of sound markets and management for 100% of annually generated scrap tires
- Elimination of all scrap tire piles in an environmentally and economically sound manner



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RMA Tire Company Members





The Use of Tire Shreds in Civil Engineering

- Defined as the use of scrap tires, usually shredded, in lieu of conventional construction materials
- A substitute for gravel, sand, light-weight fill materials
- Today referred to as tire-derived aggregate (TDA)



The Use of Tire Shreds in Civil Engineering

- Civil engineering applications began in late 1980's
- First used in road construction
- Construction guidelines developed ('96)
- ASTM Standards developed ('97)
- Extensive leachate testing conducted



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Tire Shreds?





Why Use Tire Shreds?

- Tire shreds have properties that civil engineers need
 - Lightweight ($\frac{1}{3}$ weight of soil)
 - Low earth pressure ($\frac{1}{2}$ of soil)
 - Good thermal insulation (8 times better soil)
 - Good drainage (10 time better than soil)
 - Compressible



Why Use Tire Shreds?

- Light weight and low earth pressure are very beneficial where there is poor soil structure
 - Weak foundation soils
 - Increase slope stability
 - Reduce settlement
 - Landslide stabilization



Why Use Tire Shreds?

- Tire shreds can improve engineering performance
- Tire shreds are often the least cost alternative if you need their unique properties



Civil Engineering Applications

- Lightweight fill for highway embankments
- Retaining wall backfill
- Insulation to limit frost penetration
- Septic field drainage medium
- Vibration attenuation for rail lines
- Future - earthquake damping



Civil Engineering Applications

- Drainage material in landfills
- Backfill in gas venting systems
- Alternative daily cover
- Liners for certain types of landfills
- Landfill cap closure material



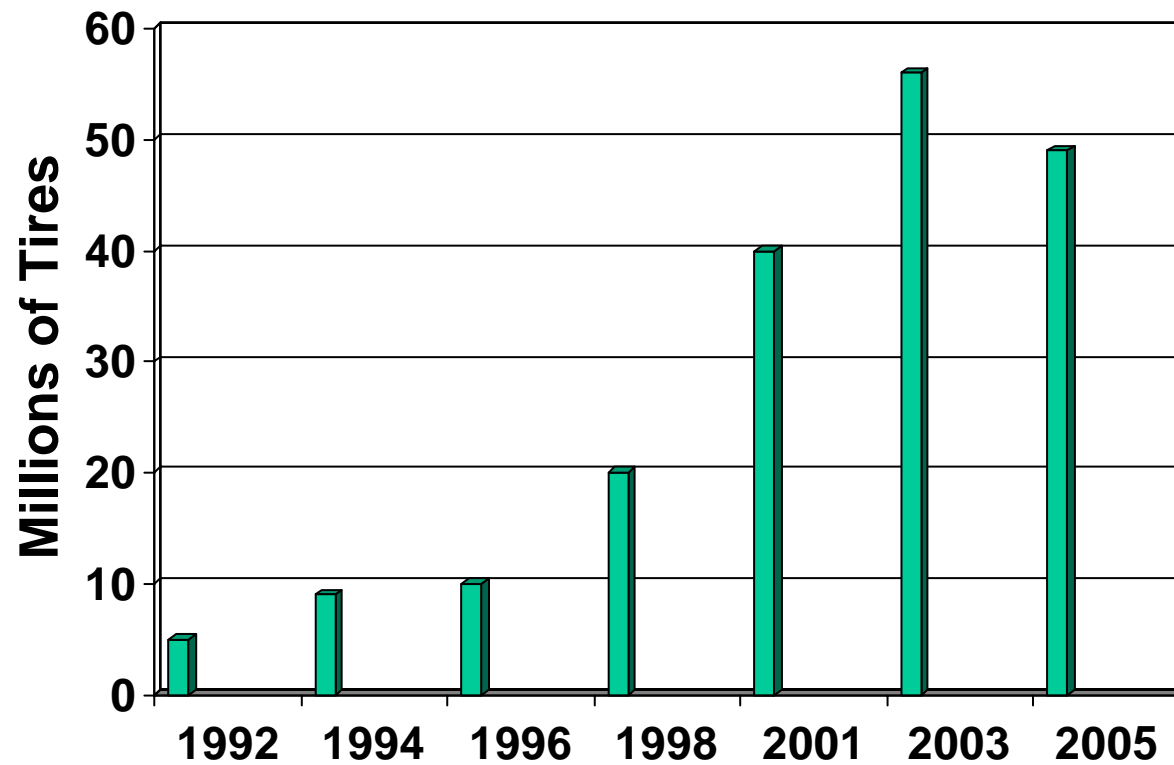


Civil Engineering Applications in the United States

- Went from >1 million in 1992 to 53 million in 2003
- Approximately 48 million tires were used in 2005
- Large-scale end use for tires: good market for abatement tires

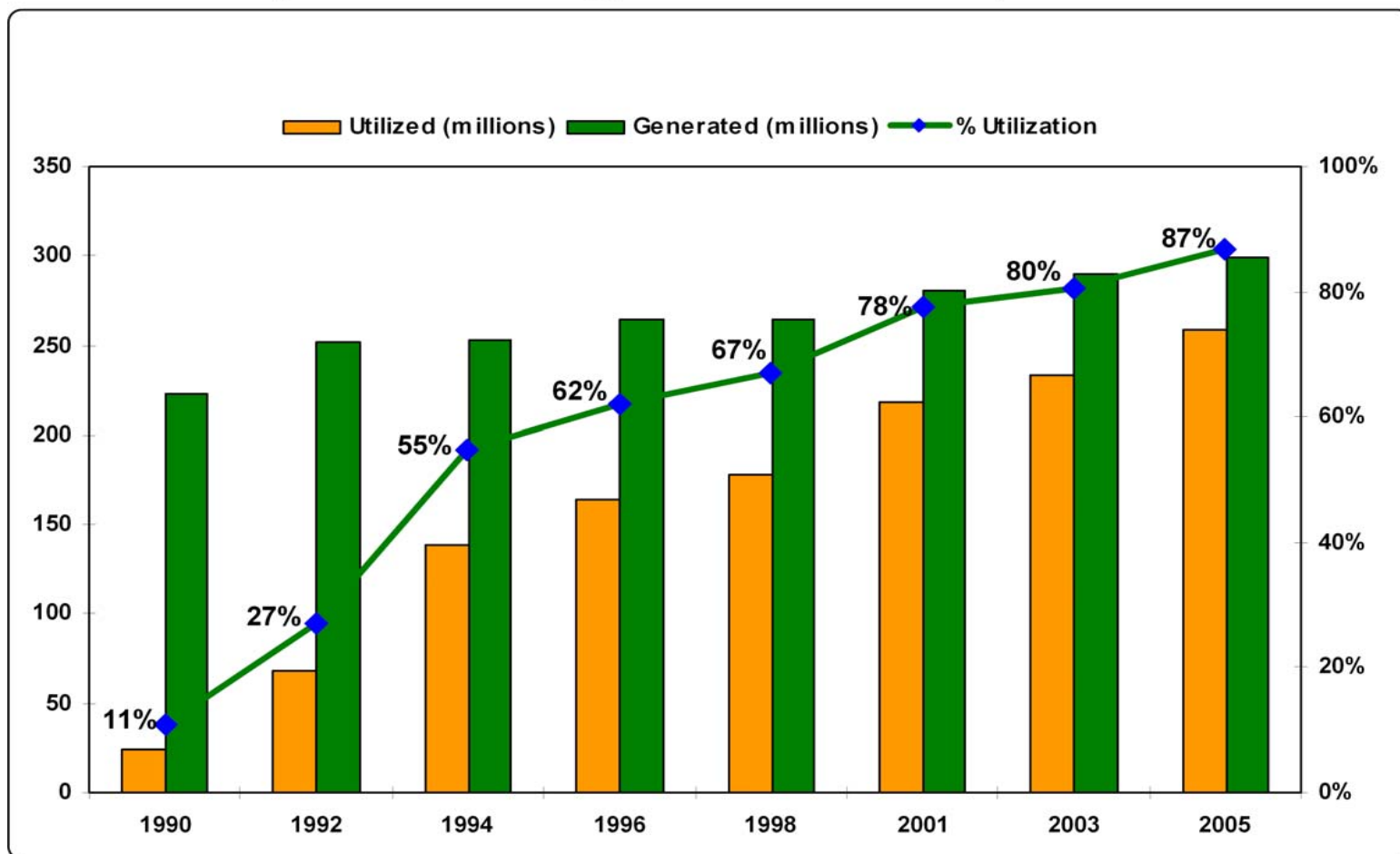


CE Markets Over Time





U.S. Scrap Tire Management Trends, 1990 - 2005



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Technical Resources

- RMA has 120 reports on website and in files
- University of Maine and EPA also have reports on web
- Leachate studies above and below groundwater table are available on web
- ASTM specification available
- Training courses available



Leachate from Tire Shreds Above/Below Water Table

- Primary drinking water standards
 - No effect
- Secondary drinking water standards
 - Manganese & iron
 - Not significant
- Organics
 - No effect



Obstacles

- State regulatory agency's definition of scrap tires as a solid waste
 - Use of tire shreds would require additional permit
 - Solid wastes can not contact groundwater
- State policy discourages or bans this use
 - Non-elected official making a decision (MI)
- Short construction season
 - Processor needs to shred & store +1 year's worth of TDA; logistical problems



Obstacles

- No regulations for storing shreds on construction site
- State does 1 CE project and declares victory: Been there/Done that
- DOT satisfied in doing 1 project w/shreds at a time
- Long-term planning process limits use of shreds



Recommendations

- Develop better communications with construction industry
- Obtain comprehensive list of state regulations on use of TDA
- Provide information to state & Federal market development programs
- Prepare answers for all questions



Conclusions

- Tire shreds have properties that engineers need
- Tire shreds are cost effective
- Specifications and guidelines exist
- Good market for large-scale numbers of tires
- Good use for abatement tires



Conclusions

- No unresolved/significant environmental problems
- Can resolve local scrap tire problems
- Interagency cooperation is key to success
- Long-term planning is needed
- States need to review and modify their policies before all states can use tire shreds in beneficial applications



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